

ELECTION FRAUDS CHARGED AGAINST DENVER DEMOCRATS

Republicans Cause Arrest of Eighteen More Officials.

TOO LATE TO HIT BACK

Opposition Unable to Retaliate, Although Further Arrests Are Threatened.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 23.—Republicans have secured the arrest of eighteen more Democratic election officials on the charge of violating the election laws.

The Democrats were unprepared for this latest move of the gubernatorial contest.

The prisoners were taken before United States Commissioner A. B. Capron, who placed their bonds at \$2,000 each. Surety was furnished by Ed Chase, president of the so-called local gambling trust and Thomas Phillips, a city official.

The Prisoners.

Those arrested are William Bergman, city policeman; John Bremer, deputy sheriff, clerk of election; W. H. Green, saloonkeeper and city detective, brother of a recently appointed Tammany Hall judge in New York; James A. Harris, clerk in Judge Johnson's court; Joan Kilsom, employed in the city health department; Kvosky, policeman, judge of election; Frank Kratke, policeman, special election constable; Alderman Michael Mahoney, of the Fifth ward, special constable on election day; Patrick McAndrews, deputy sheriff; James Mullins, clerk in the county treasurer's office, candidate for Congress at large; John Mullins, brother of District Judge Mullins, who will hear the next criminal cases in Arapahoe court; Edward O. Mulla, politician; clerk of election; Patrick Reed, constable; Joseph Ray, politician and city employee, judge of election; Schroder, city employee, clerk of election; Max Siskak, politician, clerk of election; Max Shinsky, city employee, election constable; John Sullivan, deputy sheriff, special election constable, and J. Seitz, saloonkeeper, clerk of election.

Too Late to Hit Back.

The Democrats had no time to institute any retaliatory measures. Milton Smith, chairman of the State Democratic committee, and Frank Adams, brother of Governor-elect Adams and chairman of the police and fire board, appeared for the prisoners to make arrangements for their release. C. E. Hughes, Jr., candidate for the Democratic nomination as United States Senator, also was in the commissioner's court room.

The officials all served on election day in Precinct 8, of the Fifth ward, and Precinct 3, of the Eleventh ward. That portion of the Federal statutes under which they were arrested, intimating and coercion of voters, is a remnant of the old Force Bill. The Federal statutes were violated from the fact that Presidential electors and members of Congress were voted for.

Once before in Colorado a United States court assumed jurisdiction in an election case where there was intimidation of voters. This was ten years ago. Judge Pallet sent a man to the penitentiary for four years and the entire sentence was served.

Threaten More Arrests.

More arrests are promised by the Republicans. Affidavits which were presented showed that signs were placed and voted from twenty-five to thirty times in one ward.

Other affidavits cited that rubber stamps had been placed on the fingers of Democratic clerks and used to mark crosses opposite the name of the Democratic gubernatorial candidate. The affidavits also show that rubber stamp rings were marked and when they were given out.

Other evidence was secured showing that hundreds of ballots were marked with crosses opposite Adams' name before they were voted on.

WHITNEY LODGE BURNED; KENNELS IN DANGER

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 23.—A hunting lodge built at Hickory White, Tenn., by the late William C. Whitney, has been burned to the ground. The fire spread to the kennels in which were stored six valuable dogs belonging to the Whitney estate.

The lodge was located on the game preserves owned by Mr. Whitney, H. B. Duryea and Mr. Ames, of Philadelphia.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The Southern disturbance is slowly increasing in intensity and is central this morning off the Middle Carolina coast. The north Pacific disturbance that was over Alberta Tuesday morning has moved rapidly southward to the Michigan Peninsula, and is still without precipitation. Local rains in the south Atlantic States and along the north Pacific coast; elsewhere the weather was clear.

The temperatures are everywhere above the average, except in the Pacific States and along the Gulf coast. They are very high in the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m.	31
12 noon	31
1 p. m.	31
2 p. m.	31

DOWNTOWN.

(Registered Affleck's Standard Thermometer.)	
9 a. m.	31
12 noon	31
1 p. m.	31
2 p. m.	31

THE SUN.

Sun sets today.....4:42

Sun rises tomorrow.....6:51

TIDE TABLE.

Low tide today.....2:10 p. m.	
High tide today.....8:30 p. m.	
Low tide tomorrow.....2:22 a. m.	
High tide tomorrow.....8:33 a. m.	

JAPANESE EXPECT TO SPEND WINTER IN PORT ARTHUR

General Kodama Knows Difficulties, But Is Confident.

MEN ARE THREE TO ONE

Outcome, However, Depends on Ammunition and Generalship.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—The "Daily News" correspondent with the Japanese troops outside of Port Arthur, sends an interview with General Kodama, chief of staff, who pointed out some of the difficulties of taking the fortress, but declared that the Mikado's troops would winter inside.

When asked why the Russians did not use their guns against the Japanese fleet, he replied, sketching Port Arthur with semi-circular parallel lines representing the outer harbor:

"The outer line shows our mines, the inner the Russian mines. Our series of electric mines is laid counter to theirs. If struck by shells they would explode and set off the Russian series, damaging the coast defenses of the harbor."

Must Remain Inactive.

"Thus checked by mines and counter-mines, the Russian coast defenses and our navy must remain inactive. The Russian fleet is unwilling to take the initiative and so the enemy has turned not only the coast defense guns but even his naval guns landward."

"In reply to this I brought from Japan our coast defense mortars and naval guns. You will see two great naval equipments fighting on land. I wish I could bring all the world's tacticians to witness these lessons for future warfare."

"The question is, are our naval guns and guns of position and re-enforced field artillery more powerful than the Russian naval and coast defense guns now re-enforcing the forts?"

"In the end, however," the correspondent suggested, "is not the 'boy in khaki' the deciding force? Your infantry loss thus far has been heavy, and your infantry must finally take the fortress if it is ever taken."

Strategy Must Do It.

"No," said Kodama, "this is a question of strategy, tactics, and engineering. I have an army large enough to take Port Arthur. The enemy has about 20,000 troops. We have about 60,000—three to one—a sufficient force, even considering their defenses. It would be impossible to use more men. The outcome now depends on ammunition and generalship."

"The Russian forts are well built on the Belgian model. The general situation of the forts also is similar to the Belgian forts. They are iron-plated toward the sea; toward the land there are concrete, with some masonry and a little concrete. A clever engineer designed them."

"We had them absolutely changed since the China war, when we took Port Arthur in one day. Then one fort, Itse-shan, was the key to the whole position. Once that has been taken, all the others fell."

"Now we cannot say that any single fort is the key. All are arranged that we must take them in detail. The capture of one means only the capture of the individual fort, not of a series as formerly."

"Study as we may, we find it difficult to locate their weakness, they have carried fortification to such an extent."

HALT IN STRIFE, SAYS KUROPATKIN

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 23.—Kuropatkin has assured the military attaches that nothing important is likely to occur until spring. In consequence the French and Spanish representatives are leaving Mukden, to return next year.

Of course, the question arises whether Marshal Oyama is of the same opinion. An official organ publishes a prompt denial of the authenticity of a supposed interview with Admiral Alexieff published in the French press and asks:

"Can anyone believe such a statement possible from the mouth of the Emperor's trusted representative?"

Prince Joseph Murat has returned to his regiment at Huachuca from Harbin.

BALTIC FLEET CREWS DRUNK

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A news agency despatch from Crete, confirms the previously published report of the constant drunkenness of the crews and several officers of the Baltic fleet while it was at Crete.

One Russian seaman was killed by his comrades, and several others were severely injured.

Some of the men undressed in the public square, and insulted the wife of a foreigner, who was maltreated when he tried to protect her. The authority of his men was ignored and the Russians were wholly without discipline.

Many of the seamen were left behind or deserted when the fleet sailed.

LIFEBOAT SLIPS PAST BLOCKADE

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A dispatch to the "Express" from Wei-hai-we, China, says that a lifeboat, well provisioned, which left Port Arthur on the night of November 16, landed an officer with dispatches six miles from Wei-hai-we.

The lifeboat and one sailor are detained at Wei-hai-we.

All Winners at Wineman's, 914 F.

—Adv.



THE DEATH SENTENCE.

DEBT OF DISTRICT SHOWS DECREASE

Surplus in Revenue Cuts Off \$303,855

AUDITOR GARRISON'S REPORT

Makes Suggestions as to Changes in Keeping Accounts and Improving Methods in His Office.

The indebtedness of the District of Columbia to the United States is on a marked decrease, according to the annual report of the District Auditor, John R. Garrison, submitted to Commissioner West today.

This fact is shown by the following extracts from the report:

"The actual indebtedness of the District to the United States on July 1, 1904, was \$1,349,661.50, the reduction from the amount of indebtedness on July 1, 1903, arising from a net surplus of \$292,582.12 in the district revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904, over and above the proportionate part of advances, including interest thereon, charged to its revenues during said fiscal year."

"Since July 1, 1902, the actual indebtedness of the District to the United States has been diminished in the sum of \$469,556.55."

"The actual indebtedness of the District to the United States on July 1, 1902, was \$1,793,238.34, arising from deficiencies in the district revenues to meet the proportionate part of advances from the Treasury of the United States charged to said revenues on account of appropriations payable partly and wholly therefrom, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, and prior fiscal years."

"On July 1, 1903, this indebtedness was reduced to \$1,653,517.51, by reason of a net surplus of \$139,720.83, in the revenues of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, over and above the proportionate part of advances, including interest thereon, charged to its revenues during said fiscal year."

"The following recommendations to the Commissioners appear in the report:

"That an effort be made by the Commissioners to secure the necessary appropriation, payable wholly from the revenues of the District, to make good the shortage in the account now known as 'miscellaneous trust fund deposits, D. C.', formerly called the 'whole cost deposit fund, D. C.', and in the appropriation for the 'assessment and permit fund, D. C.' The total amount required is \$1,000,000, which will be a proper item for submission in the estimates for deficiencies to be submitted to Congress at the coming session."

"That two additional clerks for the Auditor's office be provided for in the appropriation act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905; that the per diem clerks now employed in this office be appropriated for as annual employees; and that the Auditor be authorized to employ a clerk in his office, a deputy auditor be authorized and provided for by law."

Mr. Garrison further recommends a return to the methods of audit established in October, 1883, which, under his predecessor, were departed from, with the result, he thinks, of looseness in keeping the accounts. He also suggests a change in the manner of making appropriations to the Washington Public Library.

Thanksgiving at Benning.

Everybody will be out to see "The Washington Cup," with its grand field; the Chevy Chase Steeplechase, and a handicap steeplechase, and four other splendid races.—Adv.

FATHER SCHELL HAS PRESIDENT'S EAR

Tells Him Story of Indian Troubles.

DEBAUCHED BY CANTEENS

Would Exact Observance by Agents of the Prohibition Laws for Reservations.

Serious charges, relative to the treatment of the Winnebago Indians in Nebraska, were made to the President today by Father Schell, a priest, who has recently figured in a sensational investigation into the conditions of the tribe undertaken by himself, and who was recently under arrest.

Father Schell was introduced to the President by Edward Rosewater, proprietor of the "Omaha Bee." The priest came to Washington especially on behalf of the Indians, whom he claims are being debauched through the lax enforcement of reservation laws, and whose moral condition is of a terrible character on account of the surroundings in which they live.

Carries Credentials.

Father Schell had as credentials a petition signed by the grand jury of his district.

"I have been devoting myself to a careful investigation of the trouble among the Indians," Father Schell told the President, "and I find that their condition is most deplorable."

"We would ask that something be done to remove the cantenans from the edges of the reservation, the prohibition law more strictly enforced, and measures taken for their general betterment. The agents should be made to do their duty."

Prohibition Ineffective.

Father Schell said that while prohibition laws were in effect on the reservation they were practically non-operative on account of the number of saloons scattered about on the outskirts of the settlement.

It is understood that President Roosevelt gave the priest to understand he would look into the matter. Francis E. Leupp, the newly appointed Indian Commissioner, is expected to undertake an investigation immediately upon entering into office.

PUTS UNCLE SAM ON CORRESPONDENCE BUREAU

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Many complaints made to the Chicago postoffice have resulted in the arrest of Charles Sturtz.

Charles Eberling, of Maynard, Iowa, alleged that he received a letter from Sturtz, who signs himself president of the "Central Railroad Bureau," of Chicago. Eberling said he was informed that for \$3 he would be taught the various signals and information necessary to become a railroad fireman and for an additional \$9 he would be given a position.

He alleges he paid the money, but failed to secure the position, and finally asked the postal authorities to investigate the case.

Don't fail to be at Benning Thanksgiving Day. The grandest racing day of the year in Washington. "The Washington Cup," the Chevy Chase Steeplechase, and a handicap steeplechase, besides four other splendid races.—Adv.

TURKEY FOR ALL WHO ARE HUNGRY

Charity's Thanksgiving Gift to the Poor.

DINNERS AT MISSIONS

Hundreds of Baskets Filled With Provisions Are Being Distributed Among the Needy.

Nobody is likely to go hungry in Washington tomorrow. Charity has decreed it otherwise. Not only will King Turkey be the rich man's dish, but the poor man as well will be able to demand that he be given that portion of the delectable fowl which best suits his taste.

It is charity's Thanksgiving gift to the poor. Hundreds, perhaps thousands, of the needy in Washington will profit by it. To every house that shelters a deserving but unfortunate family a basket of provisions, adorned by a chicken or turkey, will be sent tomorrow morning, and for the hundreds of homeless a good, old-fashioned turkey dinner will be served at two of the missions in Washington.

Baskets for Distribution.

Five hundred baskets are today being made ready at the Homeward Bound Mission for distribution to the poor tomorrow. In a large room on the lower floor of the mission, a force of men and women are working with great diligence trying to bring order out of the chaos of the food being sent. Potatoes, apples, and other things that appeal to the appetite.

Many of the baskets are being sent out today, and the remainder will be distributed tomorrow morning. Great care is being exercised that the families to whom the food is being sent are thoroughly deserving of the help extended to them. Recently the mission applied to the Associated Charities for a list of 20 worthy families to whom the mission would be justified in giving Thanksgiving dinners. These families together with those already on the rolls of the mission are the ones selected to be the recipients of the baskets.

Mission Turkey Dinner.

In addition to the distribution of the baskets the mission will serve a turkey dinner tomorrow afternoon from 12 to 7 o'clock in the dining-room of its headquarters at 620 Louisiana Avenue. It is expected that at least 500 men and women will take advantage of the opportunity to enjoy a free turkey dinner, and accommodation has been provided for that number.

At the Homeward Bound Mission a Thanksgiving dinner may be had for the asking any time between hours of 5 and 7 o'clock. Arrangements have been made to handle 400 dinners, and to those who will participate in the feast tickets are being issued today.

Hundreds of the needy will also be taken care of by the churches and public schools. In the case of the latter, baskets are being contributed by the children, and will be distributed from the district agencies of the Associated Charities.

The Associated Charities has been (Continued on Ninth Page.)

NAN PATTERSON MUCH SHOCKED BY SKELETON

Actress Lowers Her Eyes and Turns to Father at Sight of Gruesome and Ghastly Exhibit.

MRS. YOUNG WILL NOT TAKE THE STAND UNTIL NEXT WEEK

Coroner O'Hanlon Again on Stand—Testifies to Course of Bullet—Defense Scores a Point.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Nan Patterson walked into court this morning a careworn and weary looking woman. She had hardly reached her seat when the wriggling skeleton used yesterday was again brought in.

The actress started, stared at it for a moment, then lowering her eyes, turned to her father.

Her full, round face is bloodless, and the dark blue rings under her eyes tell the story of repeated nervous collapses.

OPPRESSED BY THE EXHIBITS.

She told her father this morning that it was not the weight of the testimony that oppressed her, but the gruesome and ghastly exhibits—the skeleton, the revolver, the bullet, and Caesar Young's bloodstained clothes.

It was apparent that all these have shocked and crushed the girl, and whenever they are produced she verges on the point of utter collapse in open court and hurriedly drops her veil.

SHOWS SIGNS OF PEEVISHNESS.

The actress this morning again gave evidence of her condition by complaining peevishly of unimportant things. Yesterday she thought the crowd should be ejected. This morning she told the court attendants in the trial room that her chair was too high.

Immediately the legs of the chair were sawed off and shortened by two inches.

The prisoner wore her usual black dress.

PISTOL EXPERTS TO TESTIFY.

The prosecution will produce pistol experts to show that Young, squeezed in the narrow confines of a hansom cab on the right hand side, could not have shot himself holding a revolver over his left shoulder.

This is a vital point in the prosecution's case, and the defense is prepared to contest it vigorously.

Prosecutor Rand said this morning that he did not think he would call Mrs. Young, the widow of the bookmaker, or John Millin, racing partner of Young, until next week.

CORONER AGAIN ON STAND.

Dr. Philip O'Hanlon, coroner's physician, was put under cross-examination when Justice Davis opened court.

Counsel Levy, after some questions as to general anatomy, brought out the fact that a man's right arm was generally one-eighth to a quarter of an inch longer than his left arm.

"Did you make a careful examination of the wound?"

"Yes; I was careful to examine the edges of the wound."

"What kind of probe did you use?"

"A flexible one. The bullet went over the second rib and took a straight course to the spinal vertebrae. The bullet in its course created some loose tissue. The only hole in the lungs was made by the bullet."

Hit Hard Substance.

"I will say again that all the marks upon this bullet were made during its course through the fourth dorsal vertebrae of Young's body."

"I won't specify any marks, but I can say, in my opinion, that all the marks were received by the bullet coming in contact with something harder than the lead."

"You are reported to have taken from the finger of the deceased pieces of skin?"

"I did."

"Why did you take it?"

"I saw three black marks on the second finger."

"What did these marks indicate?"

"I thought they were powder marks."

"What examination did you make?"

"I examined them under the microscope."

"What conclusion did you reach?"

"Objection was made by counsel and objection sustained."

Point for Defense.

"You have seen powder marks on the lungs, skin before?"

"Yes."

"It is reported that you saw the defendant immediately before her arrest?"

"I did."

"Did you look at her hands?"

"I did."

"Did you detect odor of gunpowder on her hands?"

"I did not."

Stricken From Record.

"Did you see anything to indicate gunpowder marks?" Objection by Prosecutor Rand was sustained, and Lawyer Levy closed his cross-examination.

Prosecutor Rand moved that all questions and answers regarding Dr. O'Hanlon's opinion as to whether the case was one of suicide or homicide at the time of the inquest be stricken from the record.

Judge Davis granted the motion and the defense noted an exception.

Dr. O'Hanlon, after one or two questions on redirect examination was excused.

Policeman Junior was recalled to the stand.

"What did you find on the person of the man in the cab?"

"I didn't search him. Some one in the coroner's office did."

Policeman Recalled.

Policeman Junior was excused, and Dr. S. Newton Neal, a physician was sworn. Dr. Neal has been in attendance upon Hyman Stern, the pawnbroker who sold the revolver (he says) before the shooting.

Dr. Neal said that Stern was extremely ill, and could not attend the sessions of the court. Dr. Neal said he thought that Stern might be able to come to court next week. Stern has peritonitis, and four other grand races, at Benning, Thanksgiving Day.—Adv.